# Solution for the "solar model problem" \*

\* Based on:

Drake J.J. & Testa P. 2005, *Nature* 436, 28, Asplund M., Grevesse N. & Sauval A.J. 2005, *ASP Conf. Ser.* 336, 25 Bahcall J.N. et al. 2004, *Astrophysical Journal* 618, 1049





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- and the helium abundance



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present ratio Z/X = 0.0165 is lower than the old value, Z/X = 0.0275



comparison of photospheric and meteoritic abundances as measured in C1 chondrites





# Low solar C, N, O and Ne abundances

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- the predicted sound speed in these new solar models are in much worse agreement with helioseismology

# Sound-speed inside the Sun



relative sound–speed differences,  $\delta c/c = (c_{\odot} - c_{model})/c_{model}$ , between solar models BP00, BP04, BP04+ and BP04+21% and helioseismological results from MDI data.

# **Dencity inside the Sun**



relative density differences,  $\delta \rho / \rho = (\rho_{\odot} - \rho_{model}) / \rho_{model}$ , between solar models and helioseismological results from MDI data.









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- a great deal of fine-tuning would be necessary to simultaneously bring the C, N and O abundances up by some 0.2 dex, if at all possible



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- present  $A_{Ne}/A_O = 0.15$  but it has been pointed out that the solar model problem could be solved if the solar Ne abundance is at least a factor of 2.5 times higher



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the error-weighted mean ratio is  $A_{Ne}/A_O = 0.41$  (*Ne/O* ratios for Procyon, an F5 subgiant, and  $\epsilon$  Eri, a K2 dwarf, added because they have lower activity level than the remaining stars)

# Ne abundance of late-type stars



A Chandra Medium Energy Grating X-ray spectrum of the M1 V star AU Mic.

# *Ne* abundance of late-type stars



derived Ne/O abundance ratios,  $A_{Ne}/A_O$ , vs. the coronal activity index,  $L_X/L_{bol}$ .





## Ne abundances in nearby stars vs. the Sun

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- adjusting the elements all together is not unreasonable because the recent downward revisions are correlated



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- conclusion: the results represent the true Ne/O abundance ratios

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- high Ne/O ratios have also been seen in  $\gamma$ -ray observations of flares,  ${}^{3}He$ -rich solar energetic particle events, and in the decay phase of long duration soft X-ray events

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- this scenario is in accordance with the observations of Ne/O in nearby stars and reconciles solar models with helioseismology